

UP TO 2024

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BABY SHOWER FAVOUR TAG



INVITATION

Journeyⁱⁿ2Learn
Annual

Charity Ball

YAC'S CELEBRATION OF NEURO-INCLUSION

SATURDAY 20TH APRIL 2024

Gold Coast Convention & Exhibition Centre

Dress: Black Tie
3 Course Meal & 5 hr. Drinks Package
Doors open at 6pm

NEURODIVERSITY

Brad Blaze, Amazing 8-Piece Band,
Live Entertainment, Charity Auction

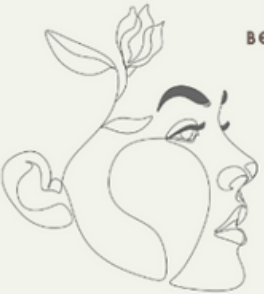
NEURODIVERSITY

Join Us

INDIVIDUAL	TABLE OF 10
\$265	\$2,550

www.journey2learn.org.au

CONNECTION
SUPPORT
BELONGING




WOMEN OF THE
*Northern
Rivers*
& BEYOND

JOIN OUR ONLINE GATHERING
@womenofthenorthernriversandbeyond

WOMEN OF THE
*Northern
Rivers*
AND BEYOND

Women of The Northern Rivers & Beyond was founded on the idea that through connection and support we can foster a sense of belonging. Our true natures can be explored, our sameness can be recognised and our individuality celebrated. We can begin to feel less disenfranchised and more nourished as one.



"I formed this group during my own search for connection. I wanted to create a community for all women, no matter what life looked like for them." *Lynda*

@womenofthenorthernriversandbeyond
www.womenofthenorthernrivers.org

FLYER

FLYERS

TEATRIBE
Cold Brews
ENJOY TEA ALL YEAR ROUND



Using any of our loose leaf blends, you can brew, sweeten, steep and chill... perhaps even adding some fruit to make it extra enticing...and offer up a refreshing beverage for the warmer months.

Our Summer recipe ideas!

- 5g of your chosen blend (or more for a stronger flavour) or 2-5 tea bags (loose is recommended)
- 4 cups of boiled water water (approx. 1L)
- 1 tbsp of organic raw honey or syrup (sugar another option), tweak amount to your liking.

Place 5g of your chosen blend into a sterilised 1L vessel/jug with lid. Pour over 4 cups boiling water (you can cold brew, but the heat will draw the flavour). Place in fridge until chilled. If using loose tea, strain the mix as you pour into a glass. Add fruit to a serving glass prior to pouring. Examples are: Sliced lemon to Earl Grey, berries and lemon to Uplift, fresh mint and lemon to Cleanse etc. Add ice for a super-cold beverage. Have fun- be creative!



600ml loosed Teas can be sold anywhere from \$5-\$8 (depending on style)

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TEATRIBE
CEREMONIAL-GRADE
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FROM KYOTO TO
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COLOUR - RICH GREEN
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Contains a high concentration of antioxidants and nutrients, such as catechins and amino acids. These compounds have been linked to various health benefits, including improved metabolism, enhanced focus and concentration, and a strengthened immune system.

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BODHI HEART

WELL-BEING RESPITE/STA FOR NDIS PARTICIPANTS

Bodhi Heart Well-being STA/ Respite Retreats support NDIS funded participants reach their goals, have new experiences, connect to community and foster social interaction. Our retreats offer mindfulness based programs, healing and outdoor activities, creative and fun workshops, nutritious meals, delivered in an all inclusive environment, in select beautiful properties throughout the Mid- North Coast of NSW.



Optional Activities

- Gentle Yoga
- Mediation Introduction
- Breathwork
- Sound Healing
- Massage
- Reiki
- Nature Walks
- Vision Boards Affirmations Card
- Creation Cooking & Baking
- Music & Art
- Dance & Entertainment
- Horse Riding
- And more!

Our staff are comprised of experience and skilled support workers, therapists and healers. All NDIS compliant.

STA Retreats are between 3 to 14 nights, individualised to suit participants needs & funding. 1:1, 1:2 or 1:3 options, available.

Contact us today to find out more.
support@heartconnections.com.au
0416 659 509

Next STA Retreat:
14 - 18th November
Port Macquarie

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SHORT-TERM ACCOMMODATION FOR NDIS PARTICIPANTS

Hastings Valley, NSW

Our Four Day Immersive Experience is thoughtfully designed to enhance the well-being of NDIS participants and form connections.

Next Immersive Well-Being Retreat:
21st - 25th November, Port Macquarie



Offerings

A combination of activities, workshops and experiences:

- Create
- Outdoor nature and adventure
- Wellbeing and relaxation based
- Support to foster connection
- Joy

Activities are tailored to suit the participants needs, each experience is unique... what would you like to explore?

Enquire today.

Our experiences offer a unique opportunity for NDIS participants relax, build capacity, work towards goals, and explore new experiences, connect and socialise with other participants, all while engaging with the community in meaningful ways.

Participants can enjoy a diverse range of activities and outings, complemented by beautifully prepared, home-cooked meals that are both nutritious and delicious. This experience also provides a valuable break for regular support workers, ensuring that everyone involved benefits.

OTHER SHORT-TERM ACCOMMODATION OFFERINGS:

Back on Track Intensive Program

Developed by industry experts and therapists, this program is designed to support NDIS participants needing psychosocial recovery. Available for 7 - 14 days, 1:1 STA support.

Our team consists of experienced and skilled support workers, therapists, educators, and healers; all fully compliant with NDIS Standards.

STA can be delivered 1:1, 1:2, or 1:3 using Core Supports and Short-term Accommodation line items. Tailored to suit individual needs and funding.

Contact us today to find out more.

support@hastingsvalleyrespite.com.au

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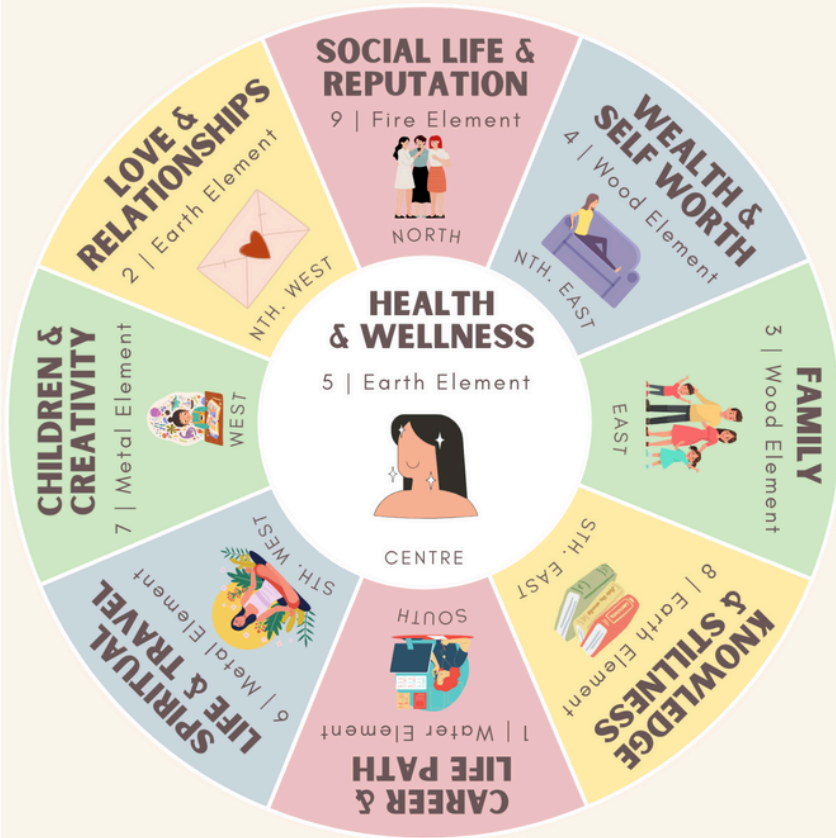
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BEGUA MAPS

Find My Qi!

FENG SHUI - BEGUA MAP

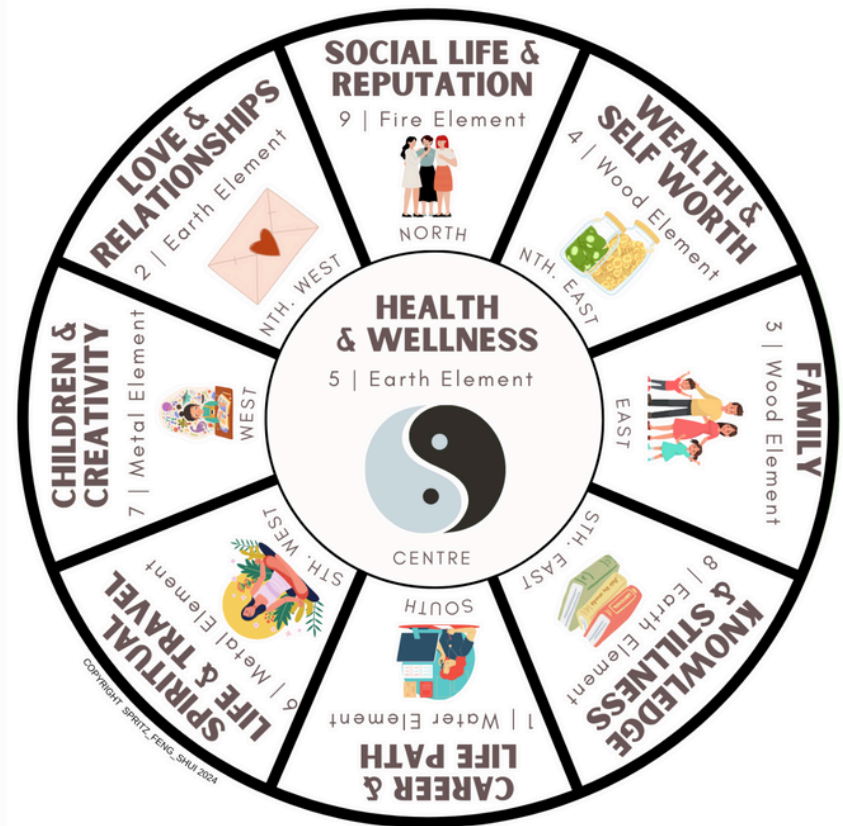
SOUTHERN HEMISPHERE



Find My Qi!

FENG SHUI - BAGUA MAP

SOUTHERN HEMISPHERE





International Tax Strategies & Corporate Strategies
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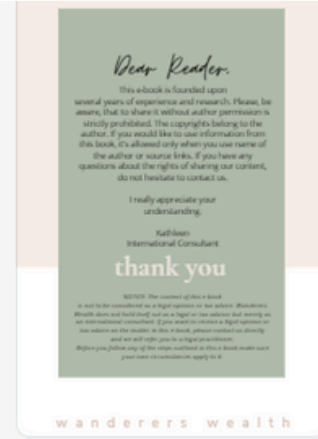
A Guide for Digital Nomads, Online Entrepreneurs, Location Independent Business Owners, Travelpreneurs, Remote Workers and all other Wanderers of the World
Personal Tax Residency is a term that everyone that moves overseas, or that leaves their home country behind to start traveling the world, will come across. In fact, Personal Tax Residency is one of the most important fundamental pillars when designing any tax strategy or figuring out your international tax obligation.

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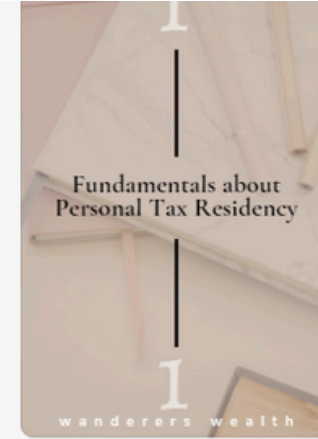
thank you
Kathleen Di Paolo
INTERNATIONAL CONSULTANT
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4



Dear Reader,
thank you
Kathleen International Consultant
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Fundamentals about Personal Tax Residency
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FUNDAMENTALS ABOUT PERSONAL TAX RESIDENCY
WHAT IS "PERSONAL TAX RESIDENCY"?
Personal Tax Residency determines which country is able to legally tax you on your income. If you are a tax resident of a country, then you will have to pay taxes to that specific tax office in practical terms, this means that if you are a tax resident of a specific country, then you will have to lodge an income tax return with the tax office of that country.
Most people are tax residents of their home country, which is usually where they were born, where they grew up and where they live. In most countries, you apply a self-assessment system, which means that you are personally liable in making sure that you are a tax resident of a country that you actually take your income tax return and pay taxes to the tax office.
If you don't then you might incur some hefty fines, you are also responsible in making sure that the income tax return is lodged in a correct and true way that you and you are making the correct amount of tax to the tax office.
To make things a little bit more challenging every country has their own Tax Residency rules which can be usually found within the national tax code. This means that you might be a tax resident within your home country but moving overseas and staying in your new destination might mean that you are a tax resident of a different country.
wanderers wealth 1

FUNDAMENTALS ABOUT PERSONAL TAX RESIDENCY
It is important to keep in mind that the nationality and citizenship only play a minor role or role at all when determining where you are a tax resident of. Countries based systems are very rare. In fact, only the USA and Greece apply it. What is meant is that simply by being a US citizen you will automatically also be a tax resident of that country. There are exceptions to the rule. Usually, Greece, France, and Italy residents of other countries, but tax residents of Greece. Some places that don't have any personal income taxes, such as Qatar and the UAE, they don't have anywhere a legal definition of Tax Residency.
HOW DO I FIND OUT WHERE I'M A TAX RESIDENT OF?
Most countries that apply a residency based tax system have a legal definition of Tax Residency within their tax codes. Otherwise, the tax rules will take into consideration your physical presence or a day-counting test to determine whether or not you are a tax resident of that specific country.
However, unfortunately, in most residency based countries it is not a simple job just applying a day-counting test when determining whether or not you are a tax resident of that country. In many countries, there are other ways such as sufficient family ties, economic ties, work ties, and accommodation ties that also form part of Personal Tax Residency rules and that needs to be taken into consideration when making a decision whether or not you are a tax resident of a specific country.
If you manage to become a non-tax resident of a country that applies a residency based system then usually you are only taxed on whatever income is made within that country, and no longer on ALL your worldwide income, which can be significantly less money that you will owe to the tax office.
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FUNDAMENTALS ABOUT PERSONAL TAX RESIDENCY
WHAT ARE THE CONSEQUENCES OF BEING A TAX RESIDENT OF A COUNTRY?
If you are a tax resident of a residency based tax system, which is most Western countries such as Germany, Canada, Australia, New Zealand, and the UK and that happens to be one of your home countries, chances are that their progressive tax system will mean that you will have to pay taxes on all of it in the country of your Tax Residency and not just on the earnings of that company. Further, most of those Western countries have quite well-developed tax rules that will make sure that whatever you earn, even if you don't through an Overseas Company, you'll get taxed on all of it in the country of your Tax Residency and not just on the earnings of that company.
You should note though that there are differences to how tax residents are treated in non-resident countries. Tax residents are able to benefit from a tax-free threshold, progressive tax rates, more tax deductions, and tax benefits if they apply. Non-tax residents will otherwise not be able to benefit from a tax-free threshold, they are usually taxed on their worldwide income, and they will not be able to benefit from tax deductions or tax benefits.
So the overarching principle that tax residents get taxed on their worldwide income is not really a disadvantage, it's a difference, especially when you can access a significant amount of money that will eventually be the tax-free. That money you have left to your pocket.
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Don't let Personal Tax Residency confuse you
wanderers wealth 4

DON'T LET PERSONAL TAX RESIDENCY CONFUSE YOU
THE 183-DAY RULE
By now we have discussed that many people apply a day-counting test to determine whether or not you are actually a tax resident of the country.
The 183-day rule means that if you are physically present for at least 183 days (which equals half a year) in a particular country, then you become a tax resident within that country and are liable to pay income taxes on your worldwide income for six months.
However, a lot of countries implement the 183-day rule, the interpretation of the rule can vary from country to country.
For example, most countries will count the number of days in a full day, and the departure day is not at all. However, there are some exceptions whereby both the departure and arrival days are counted as a full day spent in the country.
Furthermore, while in most countries the tax year and the calendar year are one and the same, sometimes the tax year can be different from the calendar year. For example, in Australia the tax year runs from the 1st of July to the 30th of June. In this case, this will also be the period of time that you should consider for the 183-day rule.
To make things even more complicated some countries make other periods of day-counting tests. For example, Canada will consider you a resident if you stay 90 days within a year and 183 days within a year.
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DON'T LET PERSONAL TAX RESIDENCY CONFUSE YOU
DONT' CONFUSE TAX RESIDENCY WITH LEGAL RESIDENCY
Tax Residency is completely different from legal residency. Obtaining legal residency will give you the legal right to physically live in a country. This has nothing to do with anything we've talked about so far, regarding Tax Residency, nor are the two things linked to each other, although they can be.
If you are a tax resident of a country that doesn't have a legal definition of tax residency, you are not a tax resident of that country.
The criteria for you to be able to obtain a valid residence permit somewhere are completely different and separate from the criteria to determine whether or not you are a tax resident. Having a valid residence permit in a country doesn't mean that you become automatically a tax resident thereof. In some instances, you can even be a citizen of a country without qualifying as a tax resident.
If these criteria are not enough to make a final decision, most OFAs have some "tie-breaker clause", so that the competing countries will qualify come to a mutual agreement. However, if there is no OFA in place between both countries, you might end up having to pay taxes in both countries.
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Getting rid of your Tax Residency in your Home Country

wanderers wealth

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HOW TO GET RID OF YOUR TAX RESIDENCY IN YOUR HOME COUNTRY

If you've lived your entire life up until now in one place you are most likely a tax resident thereof and your goal will be to become a non-tax resident in that country so they can no longer tax you on your worldwide income.

However, Western countries are continually raising it more difficult to prove that you are no longer a tax resident in the country.

It won't be enough to simply pack your bags and tell your home country that you don't live there anymore. These days countries want to know where you are going and whether you will have enough connections to your new destination before your home country considers removing you as a tax resident.

This is what has made it so important within the last few years to obtain Tax Residency in another country, preferably a low-tax country or a territorial-based tax country. The goal here is that there are several persons around the world that will give you tax residency if you spend a certain amount of money in one of these. This is a rapid explore in another e-book for you, we will focus on how to set up your Tax Residency.

It's important to note that it is more difficult to stop being a tax resident of your home country, than it is to only reside in for a short-term. Likewise, it is much easier to fall back into your old home country's tax residence than a country you only resided in for short-term.

In order for you to become a non-tax resident of your high-tax home country you will need to leave the country and remain in a highly economic and social connections as possible from that country. Each country has different requirements of how you can become a non-tax resident and below are a few guidelines for specific countries.

HOW TO GET RID OF UK TAX RESIDENCY

In the UK the Statutory Residence Test is used to determine the tax residence status of individuals. There are three key components to the Statutory Residence Test: The Automatic Overseas Test, the Automatic UK Test, and the Sufficient Test. You need to work through them in the order listed to obtain a result.

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FIRST AUTOMATIC UK TEST

YOU SPENT AT LEAST 183 DAYS IN THE UK IN THE CURRENT TAX YEAR

AUTOMATIC OVERSEAS TEST

YOU WERE PRESENT FOR AT LEAST 90 DAYS IN YOUR UK HOME DURING CURRENT YEAR AND THREE IS A PERIOD OF 90 DAYS (90 OF WHICH ARE IN CURRENT TAX YEAR) WHERE YOU ONLY HAVE ONE HOME IN THE UK OR IF YOU HAVE AN OVERSEAS HOME YOU HAVE NOT SPENT MORE THAN 30 DAYS IN EACH OF THOSE PROPERTIES DURING THE TAX YEAR

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AUTOMATIC UK TEST

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DETERMINE RESIDENCY STATUS USING THE SUFFICIENT TEST TEST

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SUFFICIENT TEST TEST

ARE YOU A UK TAX RESIDENT IN ANY OF THE 3 PREVIOUS TAX YEARS?

ARRIVERS

LEAVERS

DO YOU MEET THE TESTS THAT APPLY TO THE INDIVIDUAL?

- Family not applied if you spouse, partner or minor children are also UK tax resident
- Accommodation in UK dwelling available for 90+ consecutive days; at least 1 night spent there
- Work for at least 183 days (9 hours per day) spent working in the UK, continuous or intermittent
- 90-day tax spent more than 90 days in the UK in either or both of the previous 3 years
- Country for UK in the country in which you were present at midnight for the greatest number of days

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APPLY THE NUMBER OF DAYS TO THE RESIDENCY TEST BELOW

ARRIVER'S RESIDENCY STATUS	DAYS IN UK TAX YEAR	LEAVER'S RESIDENCY STATUS
NOT RESIDENT	0-15	NOT RESIDENT
NOT RESIDENT	16-45	RESIDENT IF 4 TESTS
RESIDENT IF 1 TEST	46-90	RESIDENT IF 3 TESTS
RESIDENT IF 2 TESTS	91-135	RESIDENT IF 2 TESTS
RESIDENT IF 2 TESTS	136-180	RESIDENT IF 1 TEST
RESIDENT	180 OR MORE	RESIDENT

The most important factors when leaving the UK and getting rid of your Tax Residency there is to make sure:

- You get rid of any property such as apartments or houses which could potentially be treated as a taxable accommodation. Alternatively, if you don't want to sell these properties, you should at least permanently rent out any rental properties you own.
- You need to notify HM Revenue and Customs (HMRC) that you are leaving the country before you actually leave.
- You need to generally fill out form TD1, form TD1, form TD1, the residence section and if or a self-assessment return if you're self-employed and want to submit.

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GETTING RID OF YOUR TAX RESIDENCY IN YOUR HOME COUNTRY

HOW TO GET RID OF YOUR CANADIAN TAX RESIDENCY

In order to become an emigrant of Canada for tax purposes, you need to meet all of the following conditions:

- You need to leave Canada, to live in another country
- You need to cut your residential ties with Canada

Significant residential ties include:

- A home in Canada
- A spouse or common-law partner in Canada
- Dependents in Canada

Recent secondary residential ties may include:

- personal property, such as furniture or a car
- social ties, such as membership in recreational or religious organizations
- economic ties, such as bank accounts or credit cards
- a Canadian driver's license
- a Canadian passport
- health insurance with a Canadian provider

To determine residence status, all of the relevant factors in each case must be considered, including residential ties with Canada and length of time, object, intent, and continuity with family inside and outside Canada.

The Canadian rules have much more room for interpretation than the UK one does. Therefore, a case-by-case analysis is very much necessary.

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GETTING RID OF YOUR TAX RESIDENCY IN YOUR HOME COUNTRY

HOW TO GET RID OF YOUR AUSTRALIAN TAX RESIDENCY

Australia is one of the hardest tax residences to get rid of. The tax rules define four different residency tests to determine whether or not an individual is a resident for tax purposes in Australia. You need to work your way through all of them, not only if you are all of the way, but you no longer be considered a resident for tax purposes in Australia.

THE RESIDES TEST

THIS TEST TAKES INTO ACCOUNT THE FOLLOWING FACTORS WHICH DETERMINE WHETHER OR NOT YOU RESIDE IN AUSTRALIA: YOUR PHYSICAL PRESENCE, INTENTION AND PURPOSE, FAMILY AND BUSINESS ENGAGEMENT, TIES, SOCIAL AND LIVING ARRANGEMENTS, SPONSORSHIP AND LOCATION OF ASSETS.

DOMICILE TEST

IS YOUR DOMICILE AUSTRALIA?

IS YOUR PERMANENT PLACE OF ABODE OUTSIDE OF AUSTRALIA? THIS IS WHERE YOU WILL STRUGGLE TO GET RID OF YOUR AUSTRALIAN TAX RESIDENCY BECAUSE EVEN IF YOU DON'T RESIDE IN AUSTRALIA, YOU WILL STILL BE CONSIDERED A TAX RESIDENT, UNLESS YOU CAN PROVE THAT YOU HAVE A NEW PERMANENT PLACE OF ABODE OUTSIDE AUSTRALIA.

CONTRACTORS TO CONSIDER INCLUDE: INDIVIDUALS WHOSE CONTRACTS WITH THEM INVOLVE A SIGNIFICANT OUTSIDE AUSTRALIA CUMBERSOME OF ASSOCIATION WITH A PARTICULAR PLACE IN AUSTRALIA.

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GETTING RID OF YOUR TAX RESIDENCY IN YOUR HOME COUNTRY

182 DAY TEST

YOU ARE MORE THAN 182 DAYS IN AUSTRALIA IN A FINANCIAL YEAR AND AUSTRALIA IS YOUR USUAL PLACE OF ABODE. AN INDIVIDUAL OTHER THAN OUTSIDING TEST - YOU CAN BE PRESENT IN AUSTRALIA FOR MORE THAN 182 DAYS IN YEAR OF DEPARTURE AND STILL BECOME A NON-TAX RESIDENT.

SUPERANNUATION TEST

YOU DO YOUR SPOUSE HAVE A CURRENT CONTRIBUTING MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC SECTOR SUPERANNUATION SCHEME (PSC) OR COMMONWEALTH SUPERANNUATION SCHEME (CPS)?

NON-TAX RESIDENT

When leaving Australia, it is important to consider the requirements necessary to become a non-tax resident but at the same time this will only be achieved if you also undertake steps in your new country or new permanent place of abode to convince the tax office that Australia is truly no longer regarded by you as your home.

The checklist below will give you an idea of the things you should do when leaving Australia and the things you should do when you arrive in your new country. This list is non-exhaustive and is merely served as a guide. You don't need to tick-off all the boxes in order to achieve non-tax residence. However, the more boxes you are able to tick-off the better and stronger case you'll have in front of the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

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GETTING RID OF YOUR TAX RESIDENCY IN YOUR HOME COUNTRY

FACTORS TO CONSIDER WHEN LEAVING AUSTRALIA...

- Have a real intention of making a new home outside of Australia, notify bank of your intention to leave Australia and no longer be considered an Australian tax resident, including closing any Australian bank accounts and cancelling Australian credit cards where possible. Consider whether superannuation is held in an Australian government fund. If not, roll into a non-government fund.
- Give up any business or job in Australia so that no more economic ties will link you back into Australia.
- Stop having Medicare claims, cancel phone health insurance and apply for overseas medical insurance.
- Notify Australian Electoral Commission (AEC) of your intention to leave Australia and require that your name is removed from the Australian electoral roll or register as a non-resident.
- Arrange a post-forward from your Australian address to your overseas address of change for your return for forward correspondence to be able to get your mail.
- Get any personal assets that would otherwise remain in Australia.
- Get a rent out your home in Australia.

- Notify your accountant that you intend to hold your investments in Australia (e.g. real property or shares) as non-resident for Australian tax purposes and provide your overseas address.
- Advise any other relevant government agencies that you intend to leave Australia permanently.
- Fill in your immigration card correctly when leaving Australia.
- Cancel all Australian memberships.
- Advise Australian government agencies such as Customs and Border of your new abroad.
- Australia has an exit tax as it considers that if you cease to be an Australian resident while overseas, they deem some of your assets to have been disposed of for Capital Gains Tax (CGT) purposes which means you become liable to pay CGT upon your departure.

Australia has an exit tax as it considers that if you cease to be an Australian resident while overseas, they deem some of your assets to have been disposed of for Capital Gains Tax (CGT) purposes which means you become liable to pay CGT upon your departure.

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GETTING RID OF YOUR TAX RESIDENCY IN YOUR HOME COUNTRY

FACTORS TO CONSIDER WHEN INTENDING TO ESTABLISH A PERMANENT PLACE OF ABODE OUTSIDE AUSTRALIA...

- Buy a one-way ticket to the overseas country you intend to reside in permanently.
- Obtain a permanent home overseas by signing a long-term lease in an unfurnished dwelling or purchasing a home that is unfurnished.
- Ensure your immediate family (a family unit) reside with you in the overseas country.
- Obtain personal bank accounts and credit cards in the overseas country.
- Obtain overseas medical insurance.
- Join local community memberships, sporting associations, etc.
- Ensure all your mail is delivered to your overseas address.
- Purchase a car and furniture in the overseas country.
- Advise the ATO of your foreign address, and the non-resident tax return while overseas (if applicable).

As Australia is one of the hardest tax residences to get rid of, the above checklist may well have other indications that have a lower difficulty degree of getting rid of Tax Residency. If you come from a different country and you can tick-off most of the factors underneath the heading Factors to consider when leaving Australia when leaving your country, then you are building yourself a very strong case for non-tax residency and you will successfully be able to stop all tax obligations with your home country.

From these rules you can assume that anyone who doesn't fit within the definition won't be a tax resident. There's a lot of room for interpretation.

Therefore, the most important point when leaving Germany and getting rid of your tax residency there is to make sure:

- Have got rid of any property such as apartments or houses which could potentially be treated as a residence or holiday abode. Alternatively, if you don't want to sell these properties, you should at least permanently rent out any rental properties you own.
- You need to notify HM Revenue and Customs (HMRC) that you are leaving the country before you actually leave.
- You need to generally fill out form TD1, form TD1, form TD1, the residence section and if or a self-assessment return if you're self-employed and want to submit.

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GETTING RID OF YOUR TAX RESIDENCY IN YOUR HOME COUNTRY

HOW TO GET RID OF YOUR GERMAN TAX RESIDENCY

The German tax rules deem an individual to be a tax resident of Germany:

- If they have a residence in Germany that they own, or that it is also available to them, OR
- If they have a habitual abode in Germany. This can be assumed if the individual is physically present in Germany for more than six months in a calendar year, or for a consecutive period of six months over a year.

From these rules you can assume that anyone who doesn't fit within the definition won't be a tax resident. There's a lot of room for interpretation.

Therefore, the most important point when leaving Germany and getting rid of your tax residency there is to make sure:

- Have got rid of any property such as apartments or houses which could potentially be treated as a residence or holiday abode. Alternatively, if you don't want to sell these properties, you should at least permanently rent out any rental properties you own.
- You need to notify HM Revenue and Customs (HMRC) that you are leaving the country before you actually leave.
- You need to generally fill out form TD1, form TD1, form TD1, the residence section and if or a self-assessment return if you're self-employed and want to submit.

When you decide to leave your home country, you need to ensure that you make sure that you are meeting your whole life overseas. It is recommended that you keep all necessary documentation that will support your case of leaving your home country behind, should you ever be involved in a tax dispute with the tax office.

So, what steps do you have to take in order for your move overseas to be considered as enough to get rid of your Tax Residency?

Be sure it is all of things that would be undertaken when leaving your home country. There needs to be a clear intention and no return needs to be stated off in order to achieve non-tax residency in your home country. But the more things you can tick-off, the stronger case you have your favour resulting in no more tax obligations with your home country.

As Australia is one of the hardest tax residences to get rid of, the above checklist may well have other indications that have a lower difficulty degree of getting rid of Tax Residency. If you come from a different country and you can tick-off most of the factors underneath the heading Factors to consider when leaving Australia when leaving your country, then you are building yourself a very strong case for non-tax residency and you will successfully be able to stop all tax obligations with your home country.

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Wanderers Wealth

SAVING 15K+ IN TAXES PER YEAR

Paying Taxes in Canada

On a \$10k gross income you will owe 2175k in taxes

That's almost 1/5 of your income

Social Security contributions also amount to another 14k per year

Paying Taxes in Bulgaria

On a \$10k gross income you will owe 1200k in taxes

You've saved 975k in a year

Social Security contributions will be at least half of what they're in Canada

Imagine all the things you could do with an extra 115k per year. That's 115k in 7 years.

🔒 1

MAXIMIZING YOUR EARNINGS BY SAVING TAXES

- Minimize personal income tax
- Minimize corporate tax rate
- Minimize capital gains tax
- Minimize inheritance tax

Conduct this exercise

- Review business structure
- Minimize retirement savings
- Don'ts to charity
- Optimize income
- Disregard business dividend income and social security contributions
- Shift tax residency
- Keep good records
- Move to country with low consumption tax
- Learn about tax exempt amounts
- Use a Tax Expert

🔒 2

INTERNATIONAL TAX IS PART OF HAVING A GLOBAL BUSINESS

🔒 3

SHOULD YOU HAVE AN INTERNATIONAL TAX STRATEGY?

Are you a location independent business owner?

YES

Make sure you take advantage of your global lifestyle and save (smartly) on taxes

NO

Still get yourself the most tax efficient structure in place domestically and maximize your profits

🔒 4

This is how we move abroad to execute your international tax strategy

🔒 5

3 MOST COMMON INTERNATIONAL TAX RELATED PROBLEMS THAT GLOBAL ENTREPRENEURS FACE

🔒 6

HOW TO BECOME A GLOBAL WEALTH CREATOR

🔒 7

DIGITAL SERVICES TAX TIMELINE

2016	USA	Adopts Economic Digital Services Tax
2017	EUROPEAN UNION	Adopts DST
2018	FRANCE	Adopts DST
NOVEMBER	CANADA	Adopts DST
DECEMBER	CANADA	Adopts DST

🔒 8

DIGITAL SERVICES TAX TIMELINE

2020	INDONESIA	Adopts DST
March	TURKEY	Adopts DST
April	UK	Adopts DST
DECEMBER	USA	Adopts DST

🔒 9

A SUSTAINABLE TAX SYSTEM

🔒 10

the concept of value

OECD Income ought to be taxed where economic activities generating the profits are performed and where value is created.

EU Treaties international corporate tax rules... tend to categorize the new rules in which profits are created in the digital world in particular. This rule that value paid in generating value for digital companies.

OECD As a result, there is a disconnect in... mismatch between where value is created and where taxes are paid.

🔒 11

Five Flag Theory

🔒 12

Quality and mobility

The more mobility and flexibility the more money you generate the more taxes you will save.

The better the quality of your international tax strategy the more money you generate.

🔒 13

INTERNATIONAL TAXES

Do's

- Stay organized
- Keep records of major movements
- Ask for help from a tax pro
- File your tax return

Dont's

- Forget about traditions
- Commit to groups for advice
- Wait until the last minute before you leave
- Forget to notify the tax office about your move abroad

🔒 14

CHECKLIST BEFORE LEAVING THE COUNTRY TO EXECUTE YOUR TAX STRATEGY

- Research your destination
- Documentation and visas
- Tax implications and social security contributions
- Resolve situation in your country
- Transfer the firm services
- Get a health check up
- Get your rights checked
- Register at your new destination

🔒 15

LACK OF PLANNING

🔒 16

2ND CITIZENSHIP

Do you have heritage in any country?

YES

Citizenship by ancestry

NO

Can you invest at least 100,000?

YES

Economic citizenship

NO

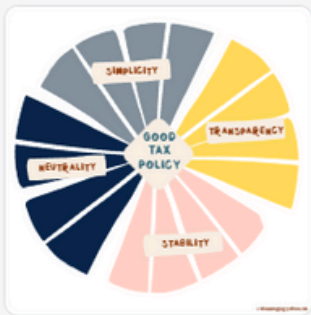
Citizenship through residency

🔒 17

TAX TYPES

Taxes on what you earn	Taxes on what you buy	Taxes on what you own
Individual Income Taxes	Corporate Income Taxes	Wealth Taxes
Excise Taxes	Gift Taxes	Estate Taxes
Property Taxes	Sales Taxes	Property Taxes

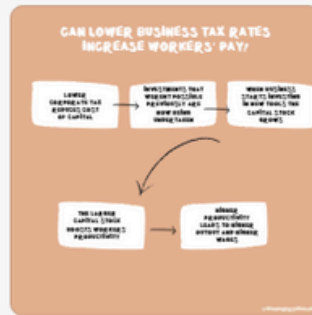
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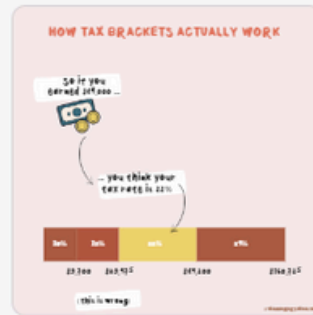
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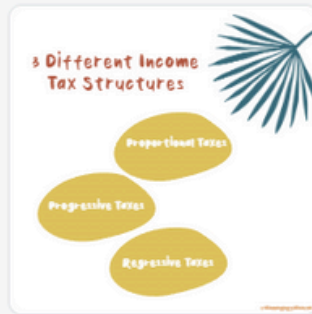
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	TAX EVASION	TAX AVOIDANCE	TAX PLANNING
PURPOSE	Not paying tax	Minimizing tax	Ensuring tax efficiency
LEGALITY	Illegal	Legal	Legal
NATURE	Capital flight/transfer misuses	Small companies to take full advantage of the tax provisions	Use the law to reduce tax liability
EXERCISE	Doesn't affect the tax liability	Doesn't affect the tax liability	Doesn't affect the tax liability
IMPACT	Penalty or imprisonment	Penalty or imprisonment if violation of the law	Penalty or imprisonment if violation of the law

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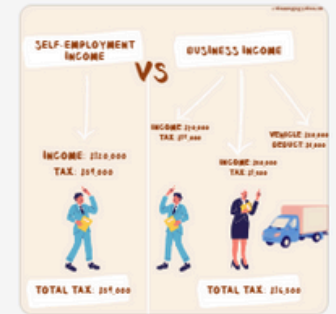
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	A \$10,000 TAX REDUCTION	A \$10,000 TAX CREDIT
YOUR INCOME	\$100,000	\$100,000
LESS TAX DEDUCTION	(\$10,000)	
TAXABLE INCOME	\$90,000	\$100,000
TAX RATE	25%	25%
CALCULATED TAX	\$22,500	\$25,000
LESS TAX CREDIT		(\$10,000)
YOUR TAX BILL	\$22,500	\$15,000

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29



30



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- ### DON'T FORGET ABOUT TAX BREAKS
- Adoption credit
 - Capital loss deduction
 - Charitable
 - Child tax credit
 - Credit for the elderly or disabled
 - Earned income tax credit
 - Non-refundable tax credit
 - Prepaid expenses
 - Residence energy tax credits
 - Smoking credit

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- ### REGISTERING A BUSINESS OVERSEAS CAN HAVE MANY BENEFITS.
- ✓ Tax savings
 - ✓ Low operating costs and capital requirements
 - ✓ Easy reporting requirements
 - ✓ Asset protection/privacy

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